## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

### 1-28. (Cancelled)

29. (Currently Amended) A marine geophysical acquisition system comprising the following features:

one or more seismic signal sources (2) for being to be arranged in the a sea or at the a seafloor and for emitting seismic signals;

a plurality of seismic sensors (1) for sensing propagated seismic signals emitted from said one or more seismic signal sources, said seismic sensors being arranged on a receiver cable (5) for being to be extended in the sea, said seismic sensors (1) for sensing propagated seismic signals emitted from said signal source (2);

wherein one or more electromagnetic (EM) signal sources (3) arranged in the sea, or on the sea floor, said signal source (3) for emitting EM-signals, said one or more EM signal sources being provided with electrical power through an insulated electric cable connected to an electric signal generator aboard a marine vessel;

a plurality of electromagnetic sensors (4) sensor electrodes for sensing EM-signals propagated from said one or more EM-signal sources, said EM sensor electrodes being arranged along and on, or otherwise associated with, said receiver cable (5), wherein said receiver cable includes a plurality of electronic units, each electronic unit including a voltage amplifier having a first voltage input line to be connected to a first one of said EM sensor electrodes and a second voltage input line to be connected to a second one of said EM sensor electrodes, in which said electromagnetic sensors (4) have said EM sensor electrodes being arranged at a generally fixed distance relations with relative to said seismic sensors (1) along said receiver cable (5), said EM-sensors (4) for sensing EM-signals propagated from said EM-signal sources (3).

#### 30. (Cancelled)

- 31. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim 29, wherein said receiver cable (5) having includes a lead-in, umbilical or riser cable (23) extending from said the vessel (30).
- 32. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim 31, wherein said receiver cable (5) being is arranged with so as to have a negative buoyancy for residing on the seafloor at least during data acquisition using said EM sensor electrodes sensors (4), for avoiding attenuation in sea-water of EM-waves propagating upwards from underneath geological formations and reduce noise from physical movements, relative water flow close to the sensor and from waves propagating downwards from the air or from the sea surface trough the water masses.
- 33. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim 29, of which wherein said one or more EM signal source (3) sources is positioned in the a same plane, or close to the same plane, as the a longitudinal axis of said receiver cable (5) with said plurality of electromagnetic sensors (4) sensor electrodes, said receiver cable (5) being generally linear in a vertical projection on the a horizontal plane.
- 34. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim 33, in which wherein said one or more EM signal source (3) sources is bipolar, and having includes a bipolar axis (3a) in the same plane as said receiver cable (5).

#### 35. (Cancelled)

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36. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim [[35]] 29, wherein said first voltage input line (19a) is connected to an electrode (4<sub>n</sub>) said first one of said EM sensor electrodes, said voltage amplifier having an output connected to an analog-to-digital signal converter (21<sub>n</sub>), said voltage amplifier (19<sub>n</sub>) for amplifying and being operable to

<u>amplify</u> an alternating voltage difference between at least two <u>of said EM sensor</u> electrodes (4n, 4x).

- 37. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim [[35]] 29, wherein said receiver cable is provided with a common ground line (7), and one or more of said EM sensor electrodes (4<sub>n</sub>) being arranged for being to be connectable through a first switch (18A<sub>n</sub>) to said common ground line (7), for forming so as to form a reference ground voltage for one or more other EM sensor electrodes (4).
- 38. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim [[36]] 37, wherein said electrode ( $4_n$ ) one of said EM sensor electrodes is connectable via a second switch ( $18C_n$ ) to said second voltage input line ( $19B_n$ ) and is further connected to connectable through a third switch ( $18B_n$ ) to a local ground line ( $8_n$ ) to a similarly arranged corresponding switch ( $18B_{n+1}$ ) on a nearest-neighbour electronic unit ( $14_{n+1}$ ), said corresponding switch being ( $18B_{n+1}$ ) further connected to a second voltage input line ( $19B_{n+1}$ ) of a voltage amplifier ( $19A_{n+1}$ ) of said nearest-neighbour electronic unit ( $14A_{n+1}$ ).
- 39. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim 38, adapted for measuring wherein said one of said EM sensor electrodes and an EM sensor electrode of said nearest-neighbour electronic unit are arranged to measure one or more varying voltage signals in the an environment, by using two consecutive electrodes (4<sub>n</sub>, 4<sub>n+1</sub>), by leaving wherein said first switch (18A<sub>n</sub>) is open, elosing said second switch (18C<sub>n</sub>) is closed, elosing and said third switch (18B<sub>n</sub>) is closed so as to connect with said local ground line (8<sub>n</sub>) to said corresponding switch (18B<sub>n+1</sub>) connected to said second voltage input line (19b) on of said voltage amplifier (19<sub>n</sub>) on said consecutive nearest-neighbour electronic unit (14<sub>n+1</sub>).
- 40. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim 38, digitizing the wherein said analog-to-digital signal converter is operable to digitize an amplified

varying voltage signal (V21a<sub>n</sub>) to a digitized voltage signal (V21d<sub>n</sub>) using said analog to digital signal converter (21<sub>n</sub>) and transmitting transmit said digitized voltage signal (V21d<sub>n</sub>) along a main signal line (6) to a data storage means (36) preferably arranged on said vessel (30), for storage and analysis of said digitized voltage signal (V21d<sub>n</sub>).

- 41. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim 39, adapted for measuring one or more varying voltage signals in the environment by using wherein an EM sensor electrode (4<sub>q</sub>) connected to an of one of said electronic unit (14<sub>q</sub>) as units comprises a common reference electrode for measuring a varying voltage signal in the environment, by closing switch (18A<sub>q</sub>) connecting wherein a first switch of said one of said electronic units is closed so as to connect said common reference electrode (4<sub>q</sub>) to said common ground line (7), and closing switch (18B<sub>n</sub>) connecting said and wherein a second switch of another of said electronic units is closed so as to connect a second input line (19b<sub>n</sub>) on of an amplifier (19<sub>n</sub>) of said another of said electronic units to said common ground line (7), for using (14<sub>q</sub>) as a reference electrode for measuring so as to measure a varying signal (V21a<sub>n</sub>) on an EM sensor electrode (4<sub>n</sub>) of said another of said electronic units.
- 42. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim 29, wherein said receiver cable (5) having has a flexible, electrically insulating and water-proof outer skin (25).
- 43. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim 42, wherein said receiver cable skin (25) being is generally continuous over generally the an entire length of said receiver cable (5), and having includes a cavity or a series of preferably fluid-containing cavities (9) containing said EM electronic units (14), said EM sensor electrodes (4) being arranged with one surface extending on the an outside of said skin (25) to be in direct electrical contact with the sea or the seafloor.

44. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim 29, wherein said receiver cable (5) is made from two or more receiver cable sections (15).

14

- 45. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim 44, wherein each of said receiver cable sections (15) comprising comprises both EM sensor electrodes (4) and seismic sensors (1).
- 46. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim 44, wherein said receiver cable sections include EM receiver cable sections, some of said receiver cable sections (15) being said EM receiver cable sections (15<sub>EM</sub>) generally comprising EM sensor electrodes (4), each of said EM receiver cable section (15<sub>EM</sub>) sections being arranged in line with, with and between seismic receiver sections (15<sub>s</sub>) generally comprising generally seismic sensors (1).
- 47. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim 29, wherein said receiver cable (5) comprising comprises separate instrument unit cans (10) comprising seismic sensors (1) and EM sensor electrodes (4), said cans being connected by signal and voltage conducting cable sections (15b).
- 48. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim 32, wherein said receiver cable (5) is arranged as a fixed array of sensors (1, 4) in a line or in a grid on the seafloor.
- 49. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim 29, wherein said one or more seismic signal source (2) being is a seismic P- or S- wave vibrator source having a horizontal or vertical polarization (2a) arranged on the seafloor or in the seabed seabeds, preferably a seismic vibrator (2a) of horizontal or vertical polarization.

- 50. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim 29, wherein said seismic source (2) being a pressure wave source (2b), preferably is an airgun.
- 51. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim 29, wherein said one or more electromagnetic signal source (3) comprising comprises two electric transmitter electrodes (3a, 3b) arranged with a separation so as to be separated in the sea water, said transmitter electrodes (3a, 3b) being provided with a desired electric voltage and current signal through a pair of insulated electric cables (26) from an said electric signal generator (24), preferably aboard said vessel (30).
- 52. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim 29, wherein said receiver cable (5) comprising comprises seismic electronic units (16<sub>n</sub>) comprising including one or more seismic electronic amplifiers (17<sub>n</sub>) for amplifying seismic sensor (1) output signals (V17<sub>n</sub>), and A/D converters (22<sub>sn</sub>) for digitizing the an amplified voltage signal (V22<sub>sn</sub>) from said seismic electronic amplifiers (17) to digitized seismic voltage signals (S22<sub>sn</sub>), and transmitting said digitized seismic voltage signal (S22<sub>sn</sub>) signals along said a main signal line (6) to a data storage means (36) preferably arranged on said vessel (30), for storage and analysis of said digitized seismic voltage signals (S22<sub>sn</sub>).
- 53. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim 29, wherein said one or more EM source (3) signal sources are arranged directly on the seafloor in order to prevent sea-water signal loss in the a downward propagating EM electromagnetic wave.
- 54. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim 32, said wherein a data storage unit (13) is arranged with said receiver cable (5) on the seafloor, for being to be retrieved by a vessel (30) after a traversal of said receiver cable (5) by said electromagnetic transmitter (3) one or more EM signal source and said one or more seismic signal source (2).

55. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim 53, said wherein a data storage unit (13) is arranged remotely from said receiver cable (5), for online data retrieval during data acquisition while said electromagnetic one or more EM signal source (3) and said one or more seismic signal source (2) traverses said receiver cable (5).

# 56. (Cancelled)

57. (Currently Amended) The marine geophysical acquisition system of claim 39, digitizing the wherein said analog-to-digital signal converter is operable to digitize an amplified varying voltage signal (V21a<sub>n</sub>) to a digitized voltage signal (V21d<sub>n</sub>) using said analog to digital signal converter (21<sub>n</sub>) and transmitting transmit said digitized voltage signal (V21d<sub>n</sub>) along a main signal line (6) to a data storage means (36) preferably arranged on said vessel (30), for storage and analysis of said digitized voltage signal (V21d<sub>n</sub>).